# The comparative evolution of word order in French and English: a progress report

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### Summary I

- I. In the period 1100-1500, both English and French show a large and steady decline in the frequency of direct object topicalization but not in the frequency of PP or adverb preposing.
- 2. During this period both languages lose V2 word order as a general pattern.
- 3. In French, direct object topicalization is entirely lost and is replaced by clitic left-dislocation, while, in English, topicalization continues to be used, though at a much lower rate.

### Summary II

- 4. Despite the superficial similarity in the evolution of French and English, the underlying grammatical changes in the two languages may be different.
- 5. In English, the decline in topicalization appears to result from the interaction between the loss of V2 word order and an unchanging constraint on prosodic wellformedness that makes a certain common sentence type unusable.
- 6. In French, by contrast, the loss of topicalization may have resulted from a change in the principles of sentence accentuation which renders the Spec, CP position unavailable to referential topic noun phrases.

### French Data Sources

France Martineau, et. al. Corpus MCVF, "Modéliser le changement: les voies du français." University of Ottawa.

#### Six Old French texts:

- Brendan
- Le chanson de Roland
- Yvain
- Nicolette et Aucassin
- La queste de la sainte Graal
- Le somme le roi

#### Five Middle French texts:

- Chroniques de Froissart
- La Prise d'Alexandrie
- Cent N. N. Anonymes
- XV Joies de Mariage
- Commynes

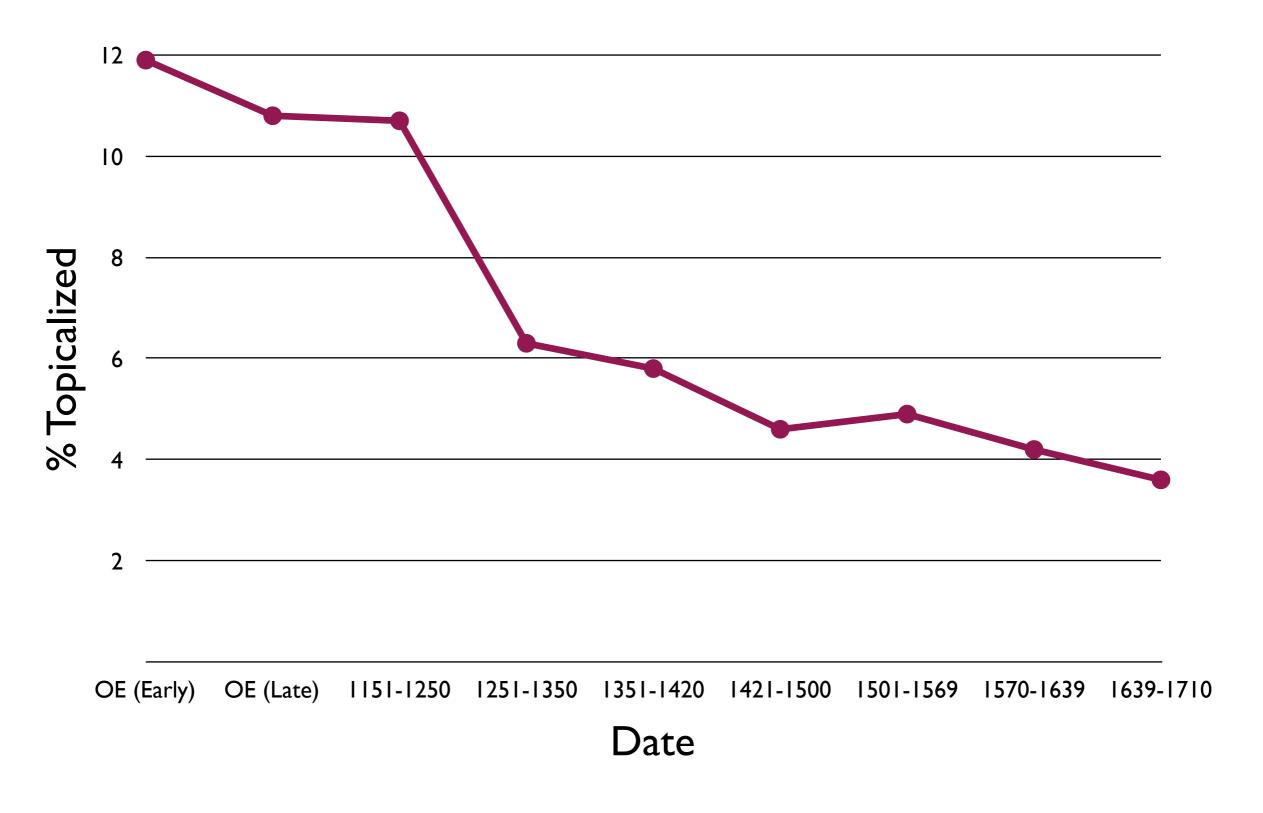
#### Two Early Modern French texts:

- Étaples Bible translation
- letters of Marguerite de Valois

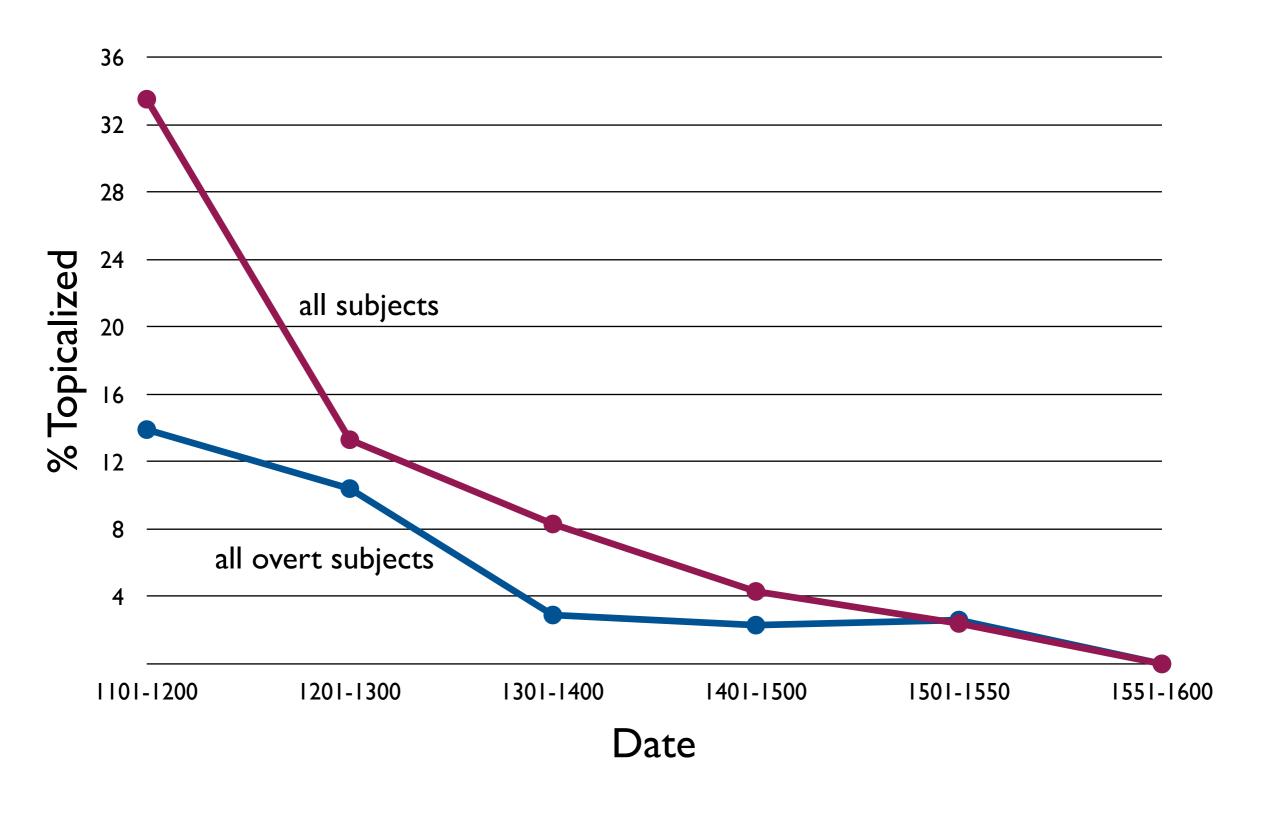
### English Data Sources

- Anthony Kroch and Ann Taylor. Penn-Helsinki Parsed Corpus of Middle English, second edition. CD-ROM, second edition, 2000.
- Ann Taylor, Anthony Warner, Susan Pintzuk, and Frank Beths.
   York-Toronto-Helsinki Parsed Corpus of Old English Prose. Oxford Text Archive, first edition, 2003.
- Anthony Kroch, Beatrice Santorini, and Lauren Delfs. Penn-Helsinki Parsed Corpus of Early Modern English. CD-ROM, first edition, 2004.
- Ann Taylor, Arja Nurmi, Anthony Warner, Susan Pintzuk, and Terttu Nevalainen. Parsed Corpus of Early English Correspondence. Oxford Text Archive, first edition, 2006.

### Decline of direct object topicalization in English



### Decline of direct object topicalization in French

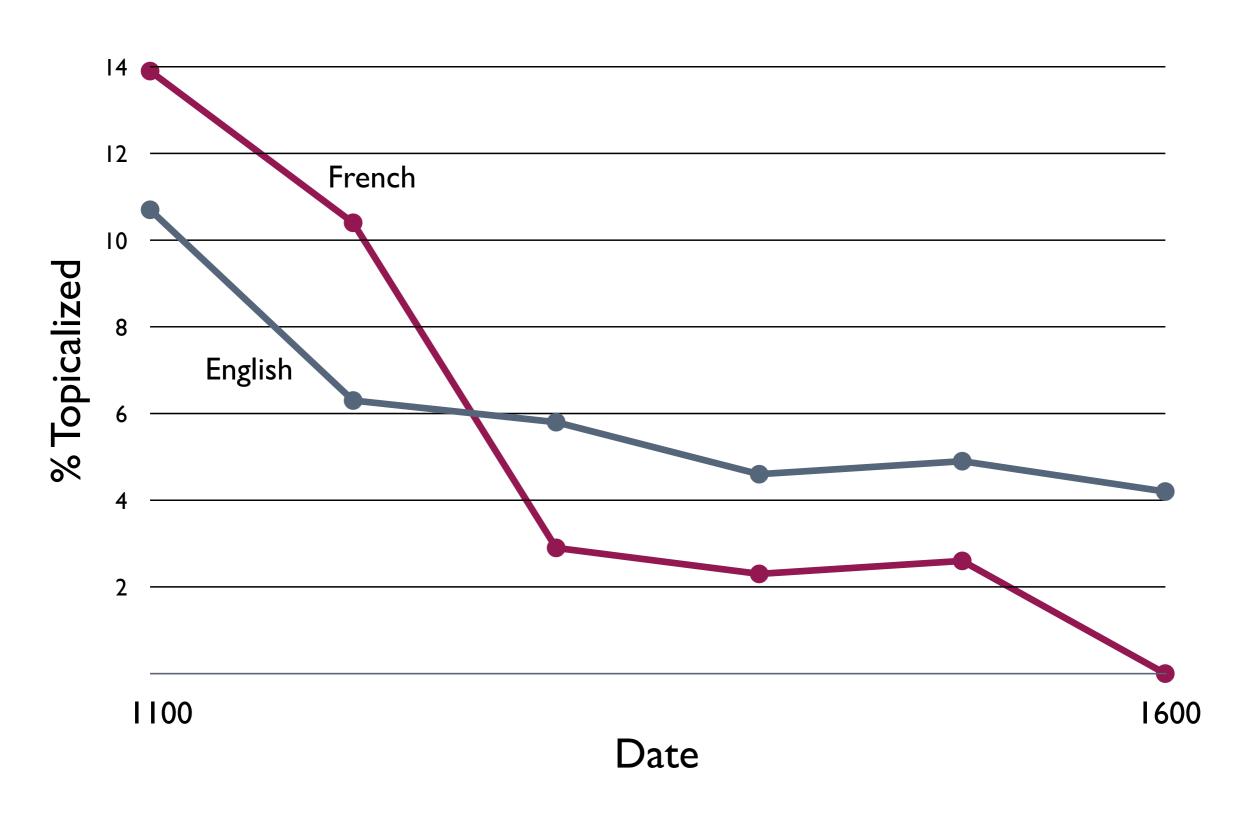


## Frequency of direct object topicalization in modern spoken Dutch (Bouma 2008)

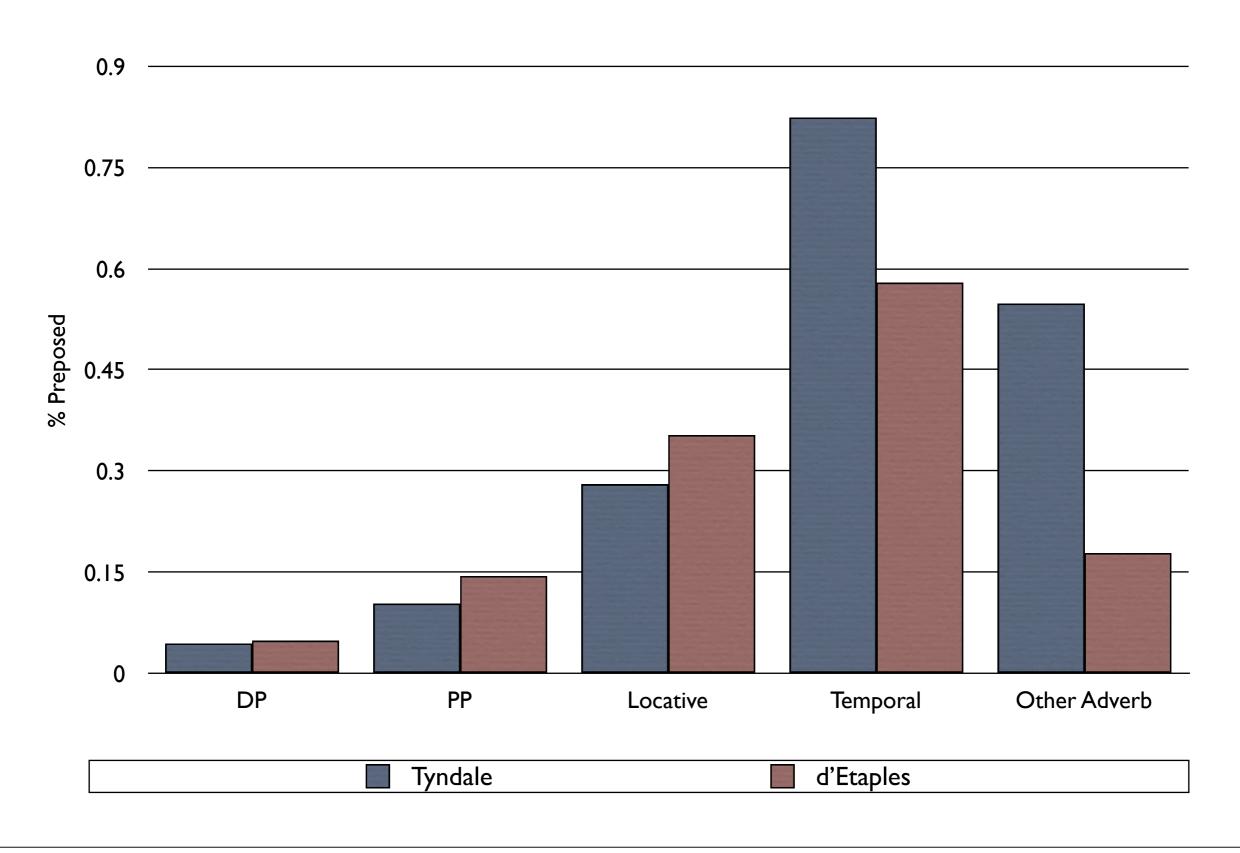
**Table 4.2**: Summary of Vorfeld occupation of arguments.

	Vorf	Feld	Prop est (%)
Argument	yes	no	pt
subject	43 523	18 597	70.1
direct object	3 418	20 432	14.3
indirect object	38	815	4.5

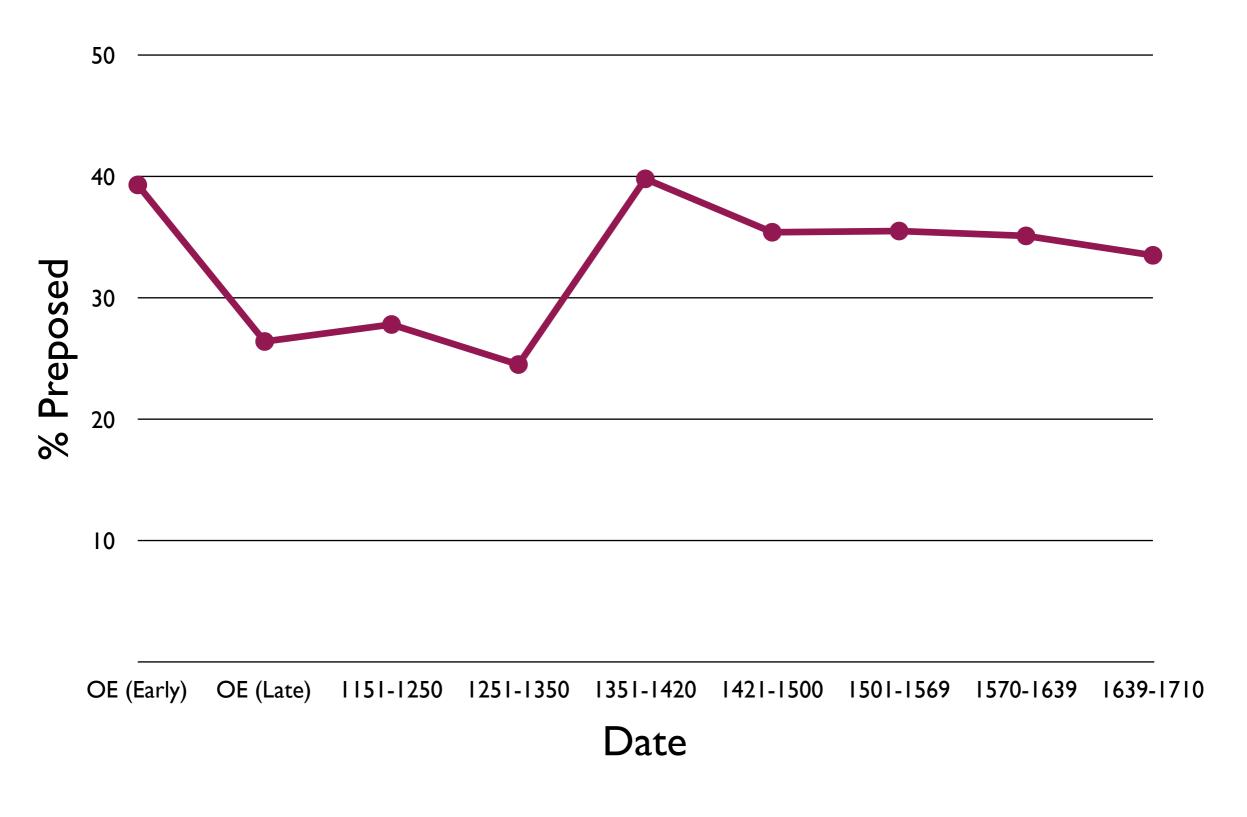
## Decline of object topicalization in English and French (sentences with overt subjects)



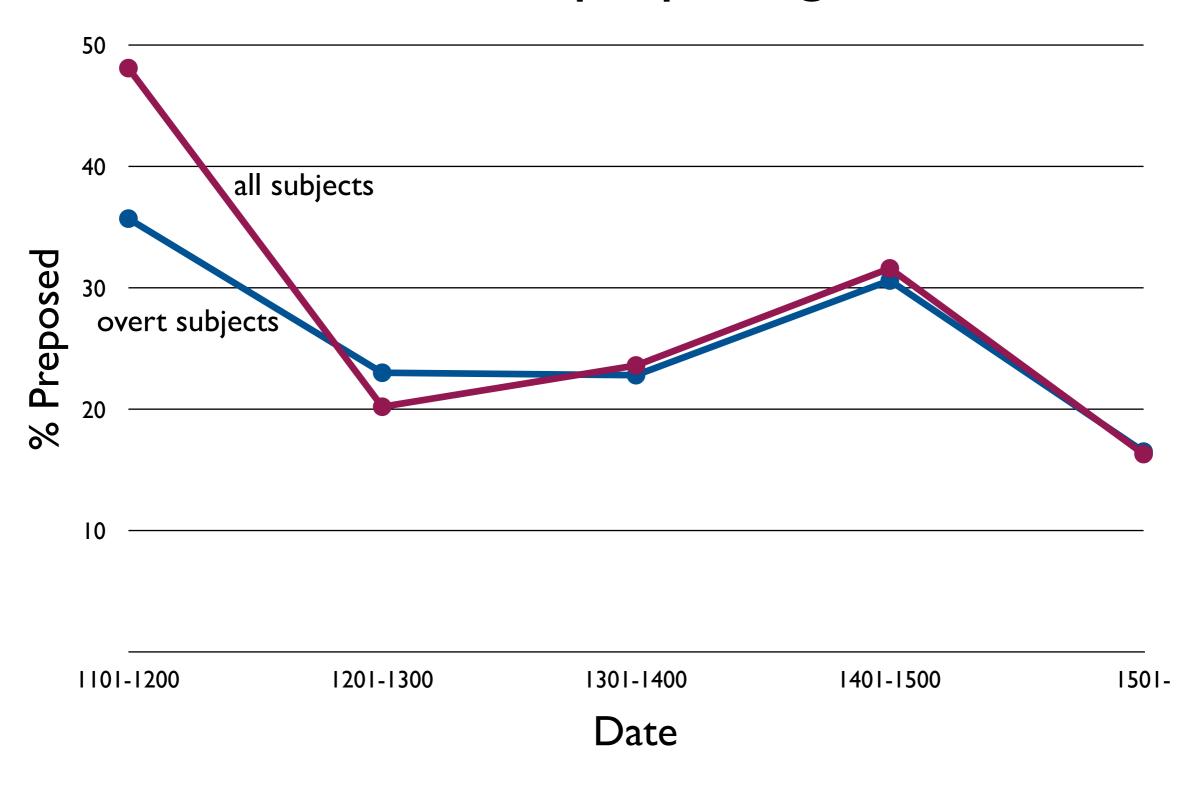
## Frequency of preposing in early 16th century bible translations (Tyndale versus Lefevre d'Etaples)



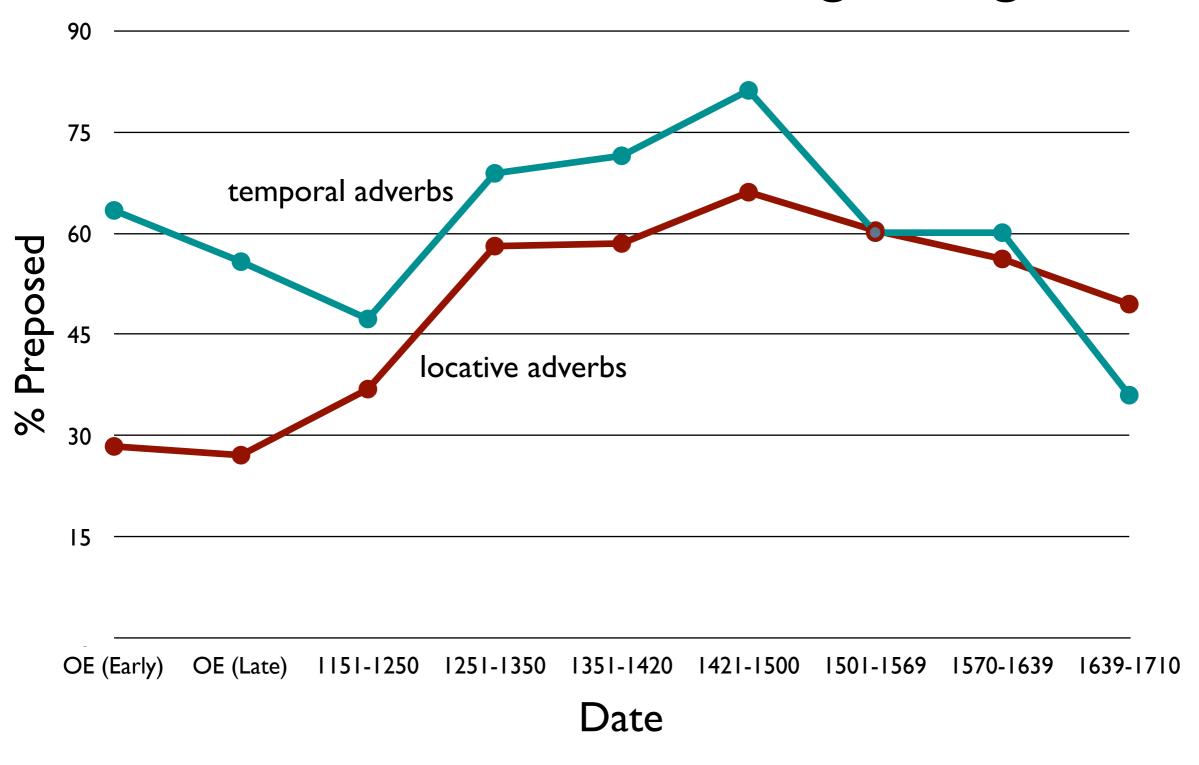
### Evolution of PP preposing in English



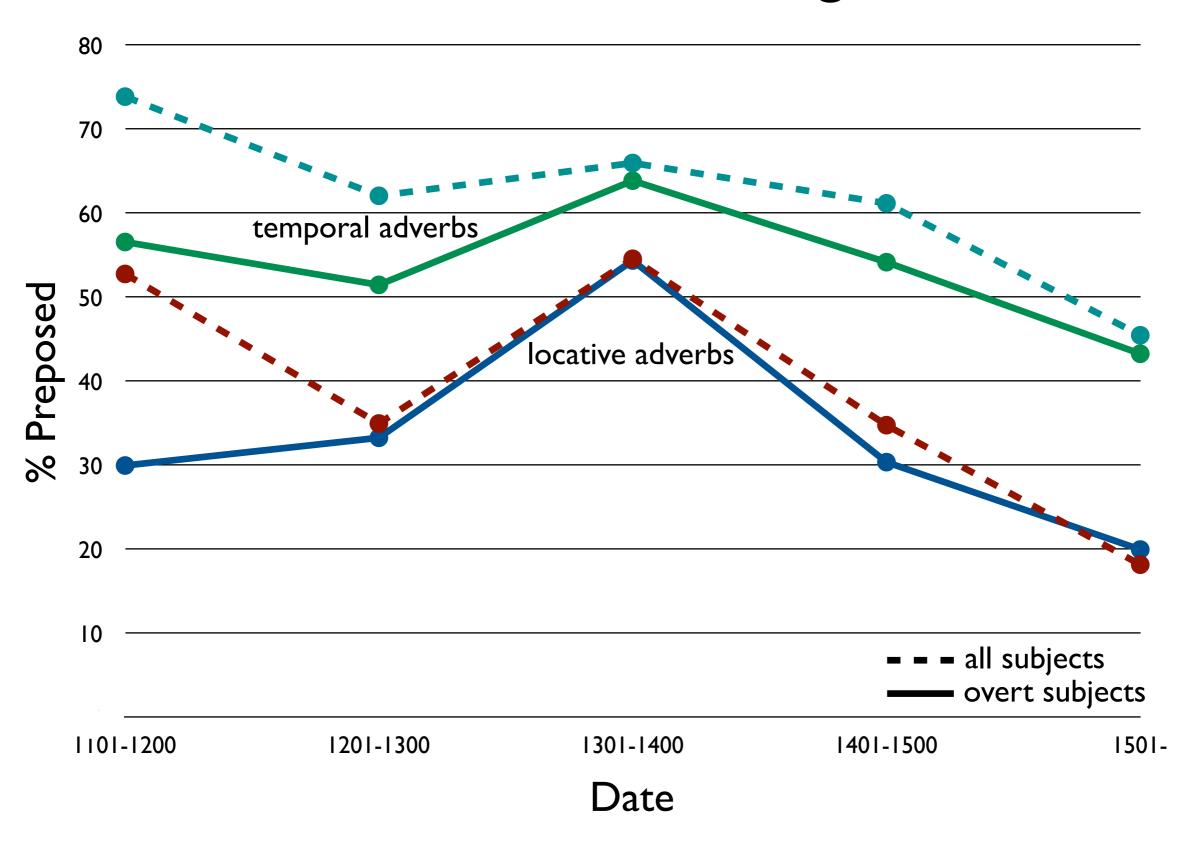
### Evolution of PP preposing in French



### Evolution of adverb fronting in English



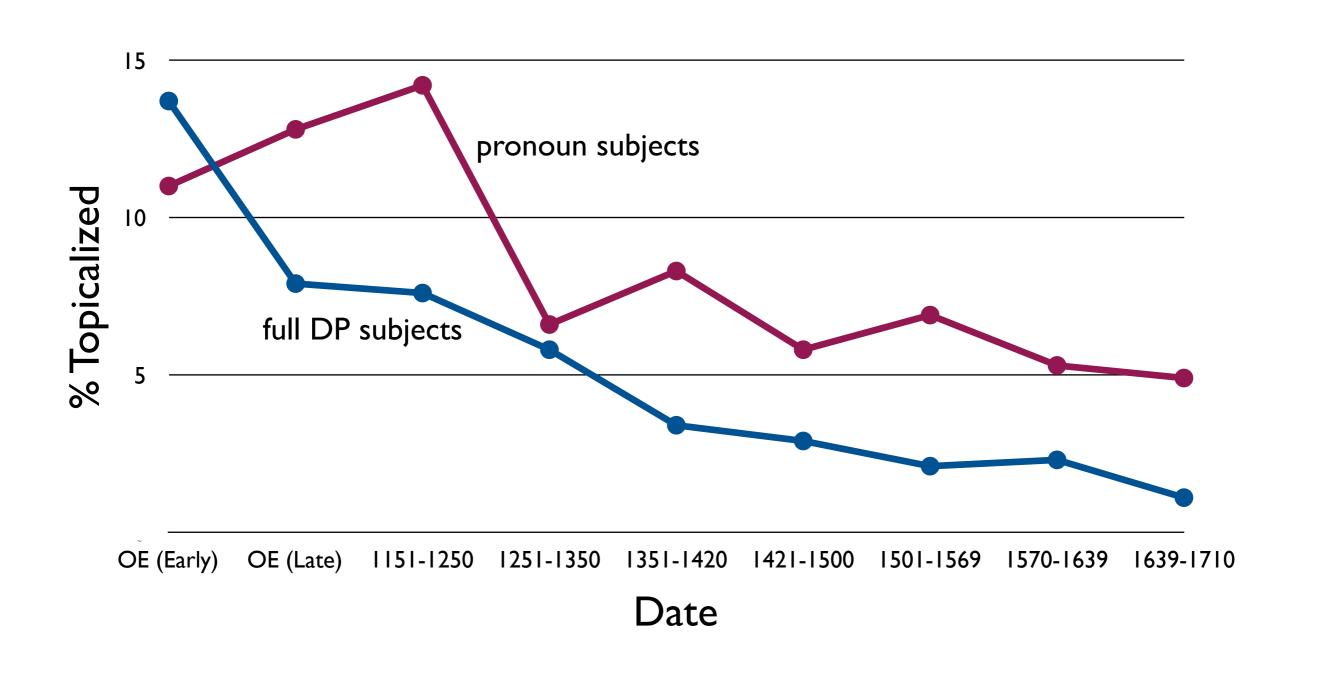
### Evolution of adverb fronting in French



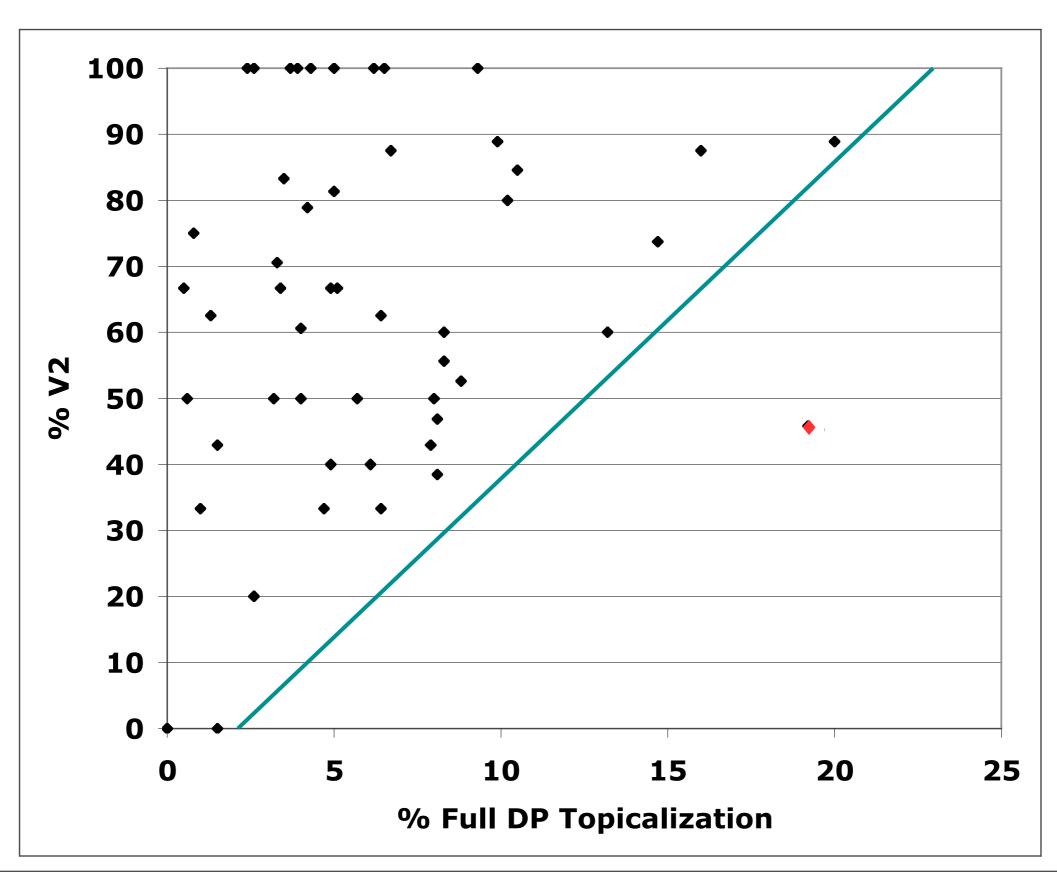
## The history of topicalization in English (Speyer 2008)

- Why does topicalization decline in Middle English but not disappear? If the change a parametric one, it should go to completion. Otherwise, topicalization, a clear case of stylistic variation might be expected to be stable in frequency over time.
- This question has answer in the specific interaction between parametric settings and stylistic variation in the history of English.

## Decline of direct object topicalization in English by subject type



### Correlation between frequencies of object topicalization and of V2 in Middle English texts (Wallenberg 2007)



## Distribution of subject types in a corpus of topicalized and non-topicalized sentences in natural speech

personal pronoun	demonstrative pronoun	full noun phrase
140	20	142
46.4	6.6	47.0

### Subject type in sentences with in situ objects

personal pronoun	demonstrative pronoun	full noun phrase
181	2	17
90.5%	1%	8.5 %

### Subject type in sentences with topicalized objects

### Clash avoidance

• The type of topicalization that declines:

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(I) The nèwspaper Jóhn read; the nòvel Máry did. (Compare: The nèwspaper read Jóhn.)
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- The type of topicalization that doesn't:
  - (2) The newspaper I réad; the novel I dídn't.

## Translating German topicalized arguments into English in three modern German novels [by Böll, Dürrenmatt and Grass]

Topicalized to topicalized:

G: Mahlkes Haupt bedeckte dieser Hut besonders peinlich.

E: On Mahlke's head this hat made a particularly painful impression.

Topicalized to non-topicalized:

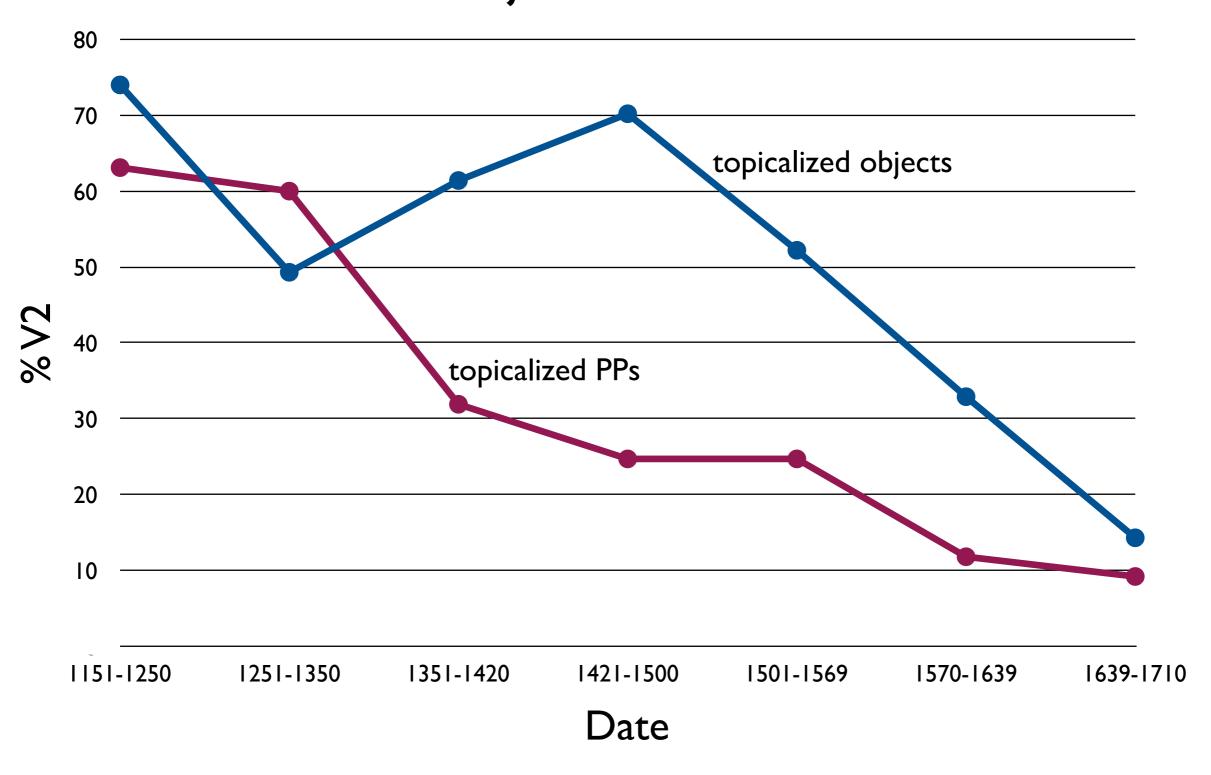
G: Zu den sechs kamen noch drei weitere.

E:Three others joined these six in the afternoon.

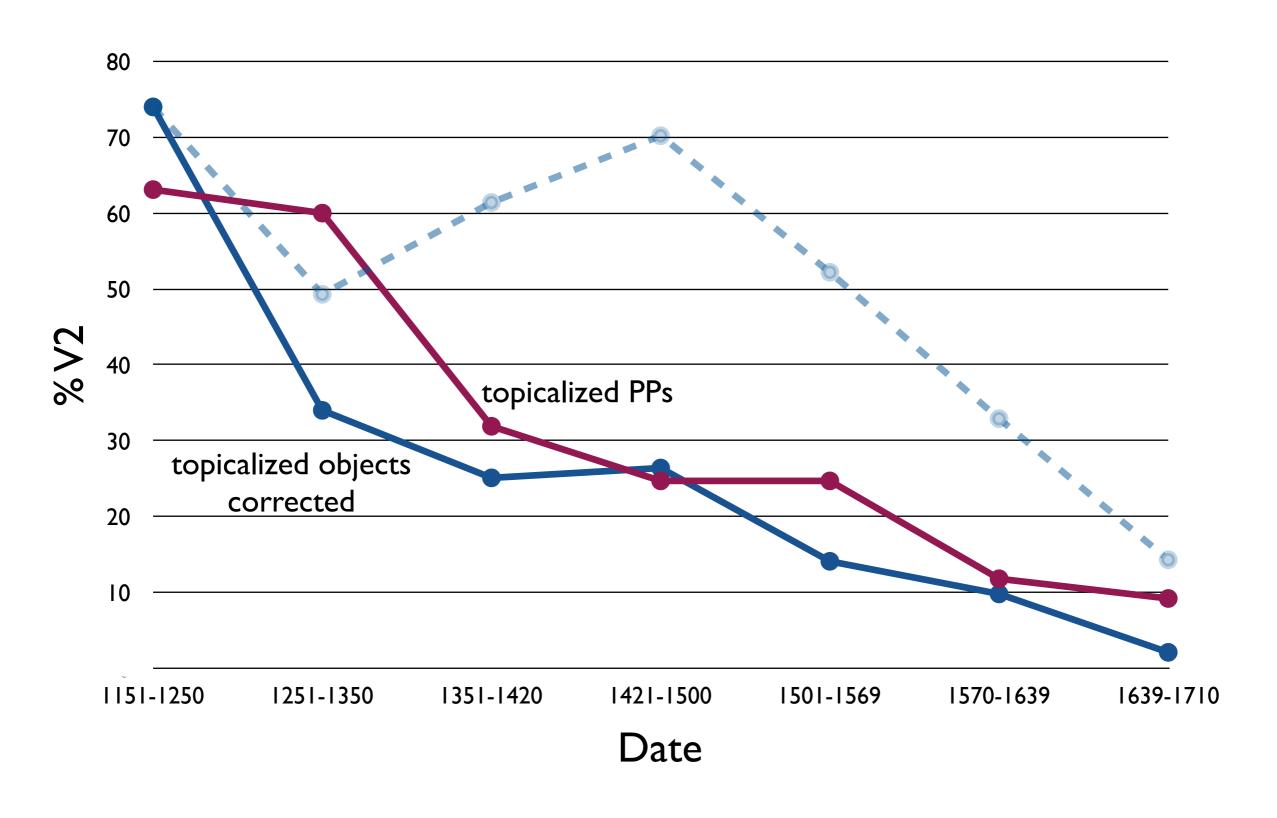
### Accent placement and topicalization frequencies in translating German topicalized arguments into English

	2nd accent on the German subject	accent elsewhere
topicalization in the English translation	0	31
no topicalization in the English	25	100

### Rate of V2 loss in English with topicalized objects and PPs



### Rate of V2 loss in English corrected for clash avoidance



### Object topicalization with V2 in Old and Middle French

- (I) l'estreu li tint sun uncle Guinemer the stirrup him held his uncle Guinemer Roland 27.329
- (2) messe e matines ad li reis escultet mass and matins has the king heard Roland 11.139
- (3) une chose ont-ilz asez honneste one thing have-they enough honest Commynes, 120.1634

## Object topicalization with V3 and pronoun subjects in Middle French

- (I) aultre remyde je n'y voy other remedy I not there see XV Joies, 111v.1209
- (2) deux chose je diray de luy two things I will-say of him Commynes, 38.478
- (3) nul enfant il n'ot onques eu de sa fenme no child he not-had ever had of his wife Froissart, 462.6477

## Frequency of V2 in main clauses with topicalized XPs in Old French

	pronoun subject	full DP subject
XVS	40 [.98]	<b>146</b> [.97]
XSV		4

Topicalized objects

	pronoun subject	full DP subject
XVS	40 [.67]	286 [.78]
XSV	20	81

Topicalized PPs

## The temporal evolution of V2 with full DP subjects for all types of preposed XP

	sentences with an auxiliary verb	sentences with a single verb
Old French	0.85 [218]	0.83 [2163]
Middle French	0.69 [402]	0.70 [3633]
Modern French	0.27 [33]	0.22 [160]

## The temporal evolution of Germanic and Romance inversion in V2 sentences with topicalized XPs and full DP subjects

	frequency of	frequency	Romance +
	Germanic	of Romance	Germanic
	inversion	inversion	inversion
Old French	0.50 [108]	0.36 [78]	0.86 [186]
Middle French	0.32 [127]	0.37 [149]	0.69 [276]
Modern	0.03 [1]	0.24 [8]	0.27 [9]

### An independence result

	Romance + Germanic inversion	sentences with a single verb
Old French	0.86	0.83
Middle French	0.69	0.70
Modern French	0.27	0.22

## Frequency of V2 in main clauses with topicalized XPs in Middle French

	pronoun subject	full DP subject
XVS	21	<b>64</b> [.93]
XSV	26	5

Topicalized objects

	pronoun subject	full DP subject
XVS	58	422 [.61]
XSV	438	274

Topicalized PPs

## Frequency of V2 in main clauses with topicalized XPs in Middle French

	pronoun subject	full DP subject
XVS	2 [.45]	<b>64</b> [.93]
XSV	26	5

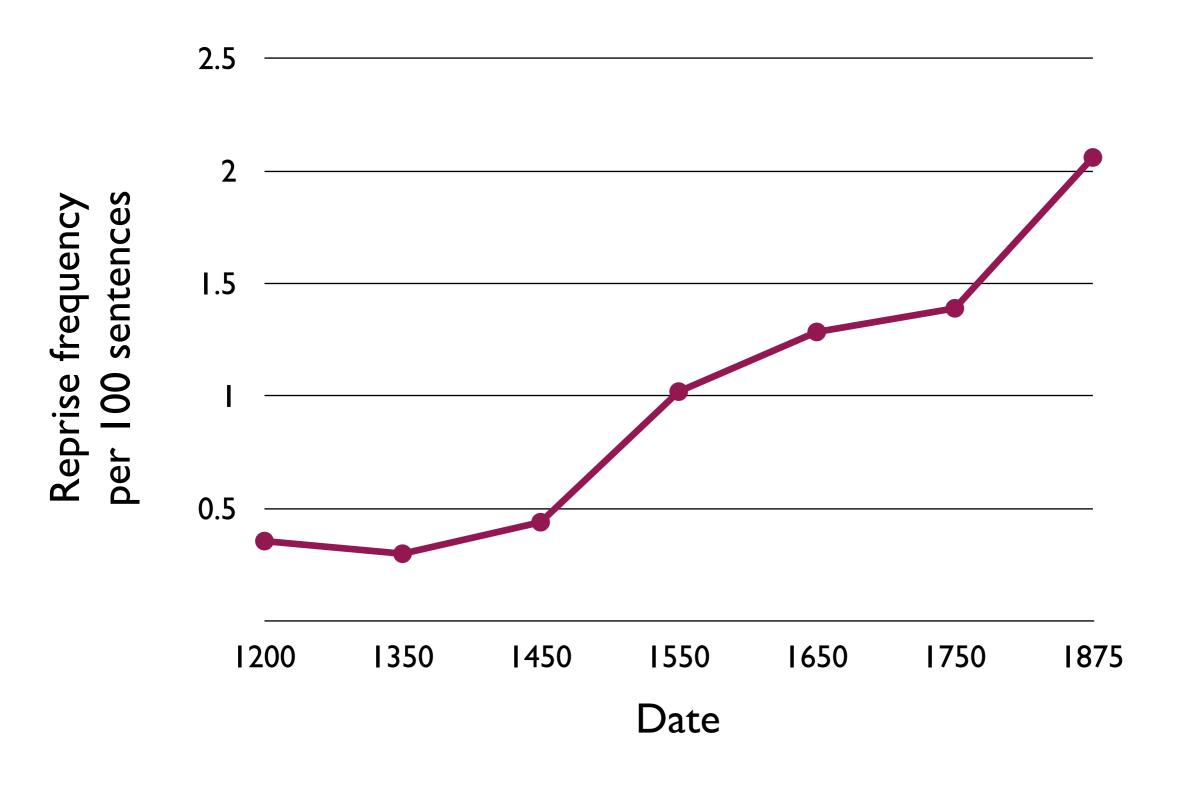
Topicalized objects

	pronoun subject	full DP subject
XVS	58 [.12]	422 [.61]
XSV	438	274

Topicalized PPs

## Why does French completely lose object topicalization?

## Rise of clitic left-dislocation and loss of topicalization (Priestley 1955)



### "Adjunction to CP" in French

- (I) ... de priere aide li font les dames of prayer help him do the ladies Yvain, 137.4788
- (2) ... puis si chevalchet od sa grant ost li ber then so rides with his great army the baron Roland, 179.2438
- (3) ... aussi telle oppinion tiennent les Angloys also such opinion hold the English Commynes, 26.279

### Adjunction to CP in Modern French / English

- (I) Jean sûr elle/Marie l'aimera bien (mais Pierre pas)
  John sure she him-will-like well
- (2) sûr Jean elle/Marie l'aimera bien (mais Pierre pas)

- (3) sure John you will like (him) (but you won't like Bill)
- (4) John sure you will like \*(him)

#### Clitic left dislocation in Middle French

(I) le tant peu que ce fut<sub>i</sub>, si l'<sub>i</sub> avez vous forfait the little bit that it was still it have you forfeited (CNNA,420.6403)

(2) qui là vaillans ne sera<sub>i</sub>, jamais honneur ne l'<sub>i</sub> amera who there valiant not will-be never honor not him will-love (Prise, .2855)

### Clitic left dislocation in Modern French

(I) Le Figaro<sub>i</sub>, Jean \*(le<sub>i</sub>) lit tous les jours. The Figaro John it reads every day

(2) Ma femme<sub>i</sub> elle<sub>i</sub> travaille à la Bibliothèque Nationale. My wife she works at the library national

## The temporal evolution of subject and object left dislocation frequencies per thousand sentences

	frequency of subject left	object left	number of matrix
	dislocation	dislocation	clauses
Old French	2.6	2.2	12022
Middle French	3.8	1.8	24634
Early Modern	28	4.3	3514

### Cleft sentences in Modern French

(I) C'est *Le Figaro*; que Jean lit ti tous les jours. It's *The Figaro* that John reads every day

(2) C'est ma femmei qui ti travaille à la BN. It's my wife that works at the BN

(3) Il y a un  $an_i$  qu'elle travaille à la BN  $t_i$ . It's one year that-she works at the BN

## The temporal evolution of cleft sentence frequencies per thousand sentences

	frequency of temporal	subject and	number of matrix
	clefts	object clefts	clauses
Old French	1.2	0.25	12022
Middle French	0.41	0.61	24634
Early Modern	0.56	5.4	3514

